MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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SECTION 1 -- CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

CODE: GVNL

TRADE NAME...: GV SERIES GLOSS VINYL SCREEN INK

PRODUCT CLASS: SCREEN INK

INK SERIES...: GV

- HMIS CODES -HEALTH FLAMMABILITY - 2

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REACTIVITY - 0 PPE

GV107 PERMANENT MAROON GV111 BLACK GV122 OPAQUE WHITE GV149 PERMANENT GREEN GV157 ROYAL BLUE GV162 PURPLE GV170 CLEAR GLOSS GV185 BRILLIANT PALE GOLD GVLF 103 RED GVLF 124 ORANGE GVLF 132 LEMON YELLOW GVLF 142 EMERALD GREEN	WT 1b/gal 8.6 8.6 11.2 8.7 8.8 8.4 10.1 8.7 8.8 9.0 8.9	VOC g/L 646 672 577 676 667 672 694 674 638 644 630	VOC 1b/gal 5.4 5.8 5.6 5.8 5.3 5.3 5.4 5.4	% VOC volume 70 73 63 74 73 76 73 69 70 69 71	GV110 TRANSPARENT RED GV112 WHITE GV139 MAJESTIC YELLOW GV152 LIGHT BLUE GV159 PERMANENT BLUE GV164 CERISE GV173 CLEAR GLOSS EXTERIOR GV187 SILVER GVLF 105 PERMANENT RED GVLF 130 PRIMROSE YELLOW GVLF 134 MEDIUM YELLOW	WT lb/gal 8.6 10.2 8.4 8.9 8.6 9.1 8.4 8.9 8.6 9.1	VOC g/L 665 640 686 662 670 649 698 671 647 648 634	VOC 1b/ga1 5.3 5.7 5.5 5.6 5.4 5.8 5.6 5.4 5.3	% VOC volume 72 70 75 72 73 71 76 73 70 71 69
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SECTION 2 -- COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

SECTION 2	COMPOSITION, INFOR	MATION ON INGREDIENTS			
CHEMICAL NAME; COMMON NAME; CAS NUMBER	PERCENT BY WEIGHT	OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITSACGIH TLV PEL		VAPOR PRESSURE IN mmHg	NOTES
ISOPHORONE; CAS #: 78-59-1	28-46	NOT ESTABLISHED Ceiling: 5 ppm	4 ppm	<1 @ 20C	(1)
RESIN MIXTURES; CAS #: NOT AVAILABLE	21-30	NOT ESTABLISHED	NOT ESTABLISHED	<1 @ 200	
ETHYL 3-ETHOXYPROPIONATE; ESTER SOLVENT EEP; CAS #: 763-69-9	5-22	NOT ESTABLISHED	NOT ESTABLISHED	1.11 @ 250	(2)
PETROLEUM DISTILLATE; AROMATIC HYDROCARBON; CAS #: 64742-94-5	7-14	NOT ESTABLISHED	NOT ESTABLISHED	<1 @ 20C	(3)
* NAPHTHALENE; PETROLEUM DISTILLATE; CAS #: 91-20-3	< 2	10 ppm STEL: 15 ppm	10 ppm STEL: 15 ppm	<1 @ 20C	(4)
PETROLEUM DISTILLATE; AROMATIC HYDROCARBON; CAS #: 64742-95-6	< 2	NOT ESTABLISHED	NOT ESTABLISHED	3.0 @ 200	
TITANIUM DIOXIDE; CAS #: 13463-67-7	0-29	10 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	N/A	
* COPPER COMPOUNDS; CAS #: 7440-50-8	0-18	1 mg/m3	1 mg/m3	N/A	(5)
DIACETONE ALCOHOL; 4-HYDROXY-4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE; CAS #: 123-42-2	0-11	50 ppm	50 ppm	1.0 @ 200	
PIGMENTS; MIXTURE;	0-11	10 mg/m3 Total dust	15 mg/m3 Total dust	N/A	(6)

CAS #: NOT AVAILABLE					
ALUMINUM COMPOUNDS; CAS #: 7429-90-5	0-9	10 mg/m3	15 mg/m3 Total Dusts	N/A	(7)
CARBON BLACK; PIGMENT BLACK; CAS #: 1333-86-4	0-5	3.500 mg/m3	3.500 mg/m3	N/A	
* ZINC COMPOUNDS; CAS #: 7440-66-6	0-2	10 mg/m3 Total dust	15 mg/m3 Total dust	N/A	(8)

- * SUBJECT TO REPORTING REQUIREMENT OF SECTION 313 OF TITLE III OF SARA (40 CFR PART 372).
 - This chemical is included on the list of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) from Title III of the Clean Air Act Amendments of
 - Supplier recommended exposure limit of 50 ppm.
 - Industry recommended exposure limit of 100 ppm.
 - This chemical is included on the list of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) from Title III of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 4) 1990
 - CAS # and exposure limits are for copper dusts and mists.
 - 6)

 - See Section 8 Exposure Controls, Personal Protection Exposure Guidelines for more information on exposure limits. CAS # and exposure limits are for total aluminum dust. 5 mg/m3 exposure limit for respirable fraction. See Section 8 Exposure Controls, Personal Protection Exposure Guidelines for more information on exposure limits.

The recommended permissible exposure limits (PEL) indicated above reflect the levels adopted by OSHA in 1989. Although, some of the 1989 levels have since been vacated, the Nazdar Company recommends that the lower exposure levels be observed as reasonable worker protection.

NOTE: Due to the broad spectrum of colors each MSDS may represent, ranges of some ingredients listed in Section 2 may exceed those specified in the Canadian Controlled Product Regulations. If specific concentration information is needed to comply with this regulation contact Nazdar's Regulatory Compliance Department at 913-422-1735.

NOTE: Copper Compounds and Zinc Compounds are contained only in GV185. Aluminum Compounds is contained only in GV187.

SECTION 3 -- HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GENERAL HEALTH EFFECTS

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION HAS BEEN DEVELOPED BASED UPON USING THE PRODUCT AS INTENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER. The potential health effects of this product are based on the hazards of its components. The use of this product in combination with other products may produce synergistic (additive) health effects. Cautionary labeling and material safety data sheets of all materials used with this product should be reviewed before use.

Eve contact with liquid, vapors or mists may cause moderate to severe irritation, including burning, tearing, redness or swelling and reversible eye damage.

SKIN

Repeated or prolonged overexposure may cause skin irritation or dermatitis. Symptoms may include dryness, chapping and redness. Toxic and may be harmful if absorbed through the skin.

INHALATION

Inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation. Symptoms may include headaches, nausea, dizziness and intoxication.

INGESTION

Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal tract irritation. Symptoms may include abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

CHRONIC EFFECTS/TARGET ORGANS

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.

ANIMAL STUDIES

Isophorone is a suspect carcinogen in lab animals. Ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate (EEP) has been suggested, after overexposure, as a cause of the following effects in laboratory animals, and may aggravate pre-existing disorders of these organs in humans; mild, reversible liver effects. EEP has been shown to cause harm to the fetus in laboratory animal studies. Harm to the fetus occurs only at exposure levels that harm the pregnant animal. The relevance of these findings to humans is uncertain. Diacetone alcohol has been found to cause kidney and liver injury and blood disorders in lab animals. For animal studies, reference TSCA Section 4 Test Rule Results or contact the manufacturer for further details.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

Pregnant women and persons with pre-existing health disorders should consult their physician before using this product. Repeated and prolonged overexposure and/or individual sensitivity may increase the potential for and degree of adverse health effects. See Section 3 "Hazards Identification" for effects of certain hazardous ingredients.

PRODUCT CODE: GVNL		NAZDAR CHICAGO	PAGE: 3 OF
Primary exposure routes: Inha	lation-Dermal (Contact/Absorption	on)-Ingestion	
SECTI	ON 4 FIRST ATD MEASURES		
EYES	e any contact lenses and contin	ue flushing for at least 15 minutes. If irrit	
contaminated clothing and sho minimize both the area and ti Skin should be monitored for the chemicals into pores duri	es. Cool water is initially sug me of skin contact. Lukewarm wa reddening or chemical burns. M	nd plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, what goested to prevent the pores of the skin from a ster may then be used to ensure all contaminar ild soap is suggested to help prevent abrading ation if irritation persists or significant contamination.	opening. This will its are removed.
INHALATION Remove to fresh air. If not medical attention if breathin	oreathing, give artificial resp g difficulty is experienced.	iration or give oxygen by trained personnel.	Seek immediate
INGESTION If swallowed, do NOT induce van unconscious person.	omiting. Call a physician or po	pison control center immediately. Never give	anything by mouth to
OTHER COMMENTS No Data Available			
SECTI	ON 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES	······································	
FLASH POINT 150 Degrees - 160 Degrees Fah			
OSHA FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION Class IIIA Combustible Liquid	(NFPA)		
LEL - LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT / UEL 0.8% volume in air / No Data ,			
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA Foam-CO2-Dry Chemical-Water S	oray		
FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS Isolate from heat, electrical air and can travel to a source	equipment, sparks, and open flage of ignition then flash back.	ame. Keep containers tightly closed. Vapors Closed containers may explode when exposed to	may be heavier than extreme heat.
FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT Full protective equipment inc	luding self-contained breathing	apparatus (SCBA) is recommended to protect fi	refighters.
		Fumes released on burning may be toxic and d	
	ON 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEA	SURES	
vapors. Ventilate area. Con appropriate container for dis	tain release and remove with ine cosal. Isolate the hazard area -424-8802) and local authorities	ctrical, static or frictional sparks). Avoid ert absorbent. Use non-sparking tools to plac and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected s should be contacted for any reportable spill	contact or breathing e material in personnel. The /release.
SECTI	ON 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE		
product residues. Store in containers closed when not in	losed containers in cool, dry, w use. Smoke in designated areas	cions even after container is emptied; contain well ventilated area away from sources of igni s only. Avoid prolonged or repeated overexpos fully. Do not take internally. Harmful or fa	tion. Keep ure to this product.

SECTION 8 -- EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION

If concentrations of hazardous ingredients exceed exposure limits listed in Section 2 an appropriate NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) approved respirator with an organic vapor cartridge should be used. If material is handled under mist, spray or dust forming conditions, a P100 (99.97% efficiency) filter should be used in addition to the organic vapor cartridge. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. If no exposure limits are listed in Section 2, follow general safety guidelines in 29 CFR 1910.134 Respiratory Protection or other applicable respiratory standard.

SKIN PROTECTION

Use neoprene, nitrile or other gloves resistant to chemicals listed in Section 2. Contact a reputable safety supply company for appropriate gloves. Solvent resistant aprons are recommended. Prevent prolonged skin contact with contaminated clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Use ANSI (American National Standards Institute) approved safety glasses, faceshield or splash proof goggles to prevent eye contact. Contact a reputable safety supply company for appropriate eye protection. The availability of an eye wash is highly recommended.

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

See Section 2 "Composition, Information on Ingredients" for occupational exposure limits. Excessive concentrations of nuisance dusts or particulates not otherwise classified (PNOC) or regulated (PNOR) may reduce visibility and cause unpleasant deposits in the eyes, ears, and nasal passages. The TLV and PEL has been established for all non-toxic "nuisance dusts" that are not otherwise classified and refers to both organic and inorganic dusts. Exposure or generation of these dusts is not anticipated during normal printing operations. The use of dry pigments and powders, grinding or sanding of printed products may generate quantities of these particulates. Refer to Section 2 Composition, Information on Ingredients for exposure limits.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES

Wash with soap and water before eating, smoking or using toilet facilities. Separately wash or discard clothing and footwear before reuse. NEVER try to remove product from the skin by using solvent or thinner. Such action is likely to increase the possibility of undesirable effects. Remove contaminated clothing to prevent prolonged skin contact.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Use applicable engineering controls, work practices and personal protective equipment to ensure all concentrations are kept below the exposure limits listed in Section 2. Adequate controls should be implemented to ensure employee safety from fine mists which may be produced under some printing conditions.

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OTHER PROTECTION

No Data Available

SECTION 9 -- PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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APPEARANCE:

Viscous liquid

ODOR:

Characteristic

PHYSICAL STATE:

Liquid

' I

Not applicable

VAPOR PRESSURE

See Section 2 for individual ingredients.

VAPOR DENSITY

Heavier than air

BOILING POINT

Greater than 300 degrees Fahrenheit

FREEZING POINT

Not available

SOLUBILITY IN WATER

Not tested

EVAPORATION RATE

Slower than ether

VISCOSITY

Greater than water

RODUCT CODE:	GVNL	NAZDAR CHICAGO	PAGE:	5 OF	6
ERCENT VOLATI	LE BY VOLUME: SEE SECTION O				•
EIGHT PER GAL	LON: SEE SECTION ONE				
OC: SEE SECT	TION ONE				
HOTOCHEMICALL Yes	Y REACTIVE				
	olatile = Percent VOC				
	SECTION 10	STABILITY AND REACTIVITY			-
HEMICAL STABI Stable				• • • • • • •	•
ONDITIONS TO Avoid exce	AVOID essive heat, ignition sources	, sparks and open flame.			
	Y WITH OTHER MATERIALS ds/bases, oxidizing/reducing	agents and reactive chemicals.			
	MPOSITION PRODUCTS e hazardous fumes when heate	d to decomposition e.g. carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other nox	cious gases.		
AZARDOUS POLY Not antici	MERIZATION pated during normal printing	and storage conditions.			
		TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION			-
XPERIMENTAL T Refer to S distillate LC50 Rat; results: C data on di	OXICITY DATA ection 3 Hazards Identificat CAS# 64742-94-5 has given t 3800 mg/m3 4 hours. Experim	ion for additional toxicological data. Experimental toxicity data on he following results: Oral LD50 Rat; 10 ml/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit 4 ml ental toxicity data on petroleum distillate CAS# 64742-95-6 has given rmal LD50 Rabbit 4 ml/kg: Inhalation LC50 Rat; 3670 ppm 4 hours. Expe e following results: Intraperitoneal LD50 Mouse; 933 mg/kg. Oral LD50	petroleum /kg: Inhalat the followir	cion ng vicity	•
		ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION			•
COTOXICITY Because th	is product may be a mixture	of chemicals, some of which may be ecologically toxic, it is strongly t, i.e. soil, water courses, lakes, landfills, sewers, etc.			-
NVIRONMENTAL No Data Av	ailable				_
	SECTION 13	DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS			
Resource C codes are	ct, as supplied, is consider onservation and Recovery Act	ed non-hazardous for disposal purposes by the U.S. Environmental Prot (RCRA). If combined with other products, the user should determine ibility of the user to determine if local, county, state, or provincia duct and/or the container.	f hazardous il regulation	waste ns may	
	SECTION 14	TRANSPORT INFORMATION			•
					-

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not regulated. The product(s) described by this Material Safety Data Sheet do not meet the definition of nor are they classified as a hazardous material/dangerous good as defined by the United States Department of Transportation (DOT), the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO), the International Maritime Organization (IMO) or the Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act (TDG). Questions concerning transportation requirements should be directed to Nazdar's Regulatory Compliance Department 913-422-1735.

SECTION 15 -- REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA TITLE III 313 INFORMATION
See Section 2 "Composition, Information on Ingredients" for applicable chemicals.

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TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT STATUS

All ingredients in Section 2 are listed on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory and the Canadian Domestic Substance List.

OTHER REGULATORY INFORMATION

OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY and HEALTH ADMINISTRATION (OSHA) - MSDS is compliant with Occupational Safety and Health Administration Hazard Communication Standard - 29 CFR 1910.1200. AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARDS INSTITUTE - This MSDS follows the ANSI Z400.1-1998 format. WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIAL INFORMATION SYSTEM (WHMIS) - This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION (CANADA):

B3 _ Combustible Liquids; D2B _ Materials causing other toxic effects, toxic material;

SECTION 16 -- OTHER INFORMATION

DISCLOSURE

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind express or implied is made with respect to the information contained herein. The data in this MSDS relates only to the specific material designated herein and does not apply to use in combination with any other material or process.

DEFINITIONS

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CEILING: (TLV-Ceiling and PEL Ceiling Limit) The ceiling exposure limit or concentration not to be exceeded for even brief times.

DOT: Department of Transportation

HMIS: The Hazardous Materials Identification System (HMIS) developed by the National Paint and Coatings Association (NPCA) to provide information on the acute health hazards, reactivity and flammability of products encountered in the workplace at room temperatures.

HMIS codes assigned for this product are only suggested ratings based on anticipated normal screen printing applications. The employer has the ultimate responsibility for assigning these ratings and should fully evaluate the MSDS, work practices and environmental conditions prior to assigning the appropriate ratings.

HMIS rating involves data interpretations that may vary from company to company.

HMIS Personal Protection Index of "X-Ask your supervisor" is given on this MSDS due to varying work conditions which may dictate different levels of protection. Please review this MSDS before determining appropriate protective equipment and beginning work.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association

NTP: National Toxicology Program

STEL: Short-Term Exposure Limit: ACGIH terminology for the short-term exposure limit or maximum concentration for a continuous exposure period of 15 minutes.

TLV: Threshold Limit Value. A term ACGIH uses to express the airborne concentration of a material to which most workers can be exposed during a normal daily and weekly work schedule without adverse effects.

TWA: Time-Weighted Average

VOC: Volatile Organic Compound